Name

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

BIOLOGY 9700/03

Paper 3 Practical Test AS

May/June 2005

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: As listed in Instructions to Supervisors.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces provided at the top of this page. Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer both questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. You are advised to spend 40 minutes on Question 1 and 35 minutes on Question 2.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
Total	

This document consists of **7** printed pages and **1** blank page.

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[Turn over

1 You are required to investigate the effect of a bacterial digestive enzyme on protein.

You are provided with **one test-tube** containing a solution labelled **S1** and **three test-tubes** containing a solution labelled **S2**. Both solutions, **S1 and S2**, contain the bacterial enzyme at pH7, but solution **S1** has been boiled.

You are also provided with four lengths of glass capillary tubing that contain solidified egg white. Egg white contains the protein albumin.

Place one length of capillary tubing into each test-tube as shown in Fig. 1.1. Avoid getting any solution on your skin.



Fig. 1.1

Place the test-tube labelled **S1** into a water bath at approximately 35 °C.

Place one of the test-tubes labelled **S2** into a water bath at approximately 45 °C.

Place two of the test-tubes labelled **S2** into a water bath at approximately 35 °C.

To **one** of the 35 °C test-tubes labelled **S2** add dilute acid drop by drop until it has a pH of less than 3. Count the drops. Use universal indicator paper to check the pH. Label this test-tube **pH3**.

Add the **same number of drops** of distilled water to each of the other three test-tubes.

(a)	(i)	Explain why is was necessary to add the same number of drops of distilled water to the other three test-tubes.
		[1]

Leave the solutions for at least thirty minutes.

While you are waiting, you may start question 1 (b).

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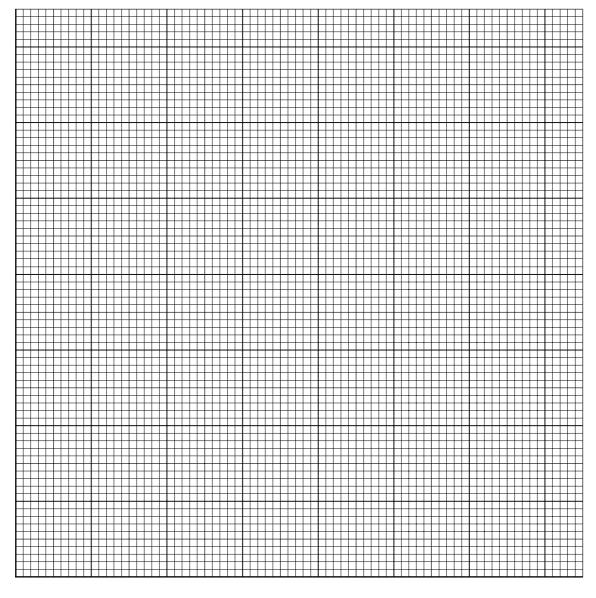
)	Gently shake each test-tube. Carefully examine the capillary tubes, still within th test-tubes, in front of the dark coloured card. Draw what you see in the boxe below.			
	capillary tube in S1 at 35 °C at pH7		capillary tube in S2 at 35 °C at pH7	
	capillary tube in S2 at 45 °C at pH7		capillary tube in S2 at 35 °C at <ph3< th=""><th></th></ph3<>	
	Give a detailed explanation of your resu	ılts		

(b) A student carried out a similar experiment for a longer period of time, using a range of buffer solutions. The results are shown in Table 1.1.

Table 1.1

рН	length of egg white remaining/mm	length of clear tube/mm
6	20	10
7	17	13
8	15	15
9	23	7
10	26	4
11	28	2

(i) Plot a graph of the pH against **one** of the other variables on the grid below.



(ii) Explain why the rate of reaction changes with pH.
[3]
c) Explain how the experiment could be modified to determine the effect of enzyme concentration on the rate of the reaction.
[3]
[Total : 15]

[5]

- **2 K1** is a stained transverse section through part of a dicotyledonous plant. Examine the specimen using the low-power of your microscope.
 - (a) (i) Draw a large, labelled, plan diagram to show the distribution of tissues.

(ii)	State from which part of the plant the section was taken. Explain your answer.	
		.[2]

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(iii) Make a high-power drawing to show a group of four cells from the region nearest the centre of the specimen.Labels are not required.

[3]

[Total : 10]

[Paper total : 25]

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